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HT Combinatorial Screening of Novel Materials for High Capacity Hydrogen Storage

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High Throughput/Combinatorial Analysis of Hydrogen Storage
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This presentation does not contain any proprietary or confidential information





Objectives



- ❖ Develop (*i.e.* design, build, test and verify) a high throughput screening device based on FSEC-developed H₂ sensing materials applicable to a broad range of adsorbents, including MOFs, various doped & undoped hydrides so that methods for increasing H₂ adsorption energies beyond 5 kJ/mol can be identified.
- ❖ Develop a rapid screening method & demonstrate the ability to reproducibly screen **10/100** hydrogen sorbing materials per run.
- ❖ Measure the amount of H₂ released for up to **10/100** solid adsorbents, simultaneously, from SA/LN₂ to 423 K (150°C) and pressures from 10 torr to 50 bars.



FSEC's Chemochromic H₂



Sensing Materials & Applications

- ❖ Industries producing or consuming H₂ (e.g. refineries) & others (e.g. NASA).

- ❖ Hydrogen Economy
 - Transportation
 - Storage
 - Fuel Cells





Accomplishments



At FSEC, we have:

- ❖ Formulated, prepared & characterized many novel chemochromic materials for the visual detection of hydrogen gas.
- ❖ Developed a technique for the implementation of PdO-based & other “**smart pigments**”.
Bokerman, G., et al. “Gas Permeable Chemochromic Composition for Hydrogen Sensing,” U.S. Patent and Trademark Office Serial No. 11/414,900, May 2006.
- ❖ Synthesized novel chemochromic materials based on POM complexes and others.



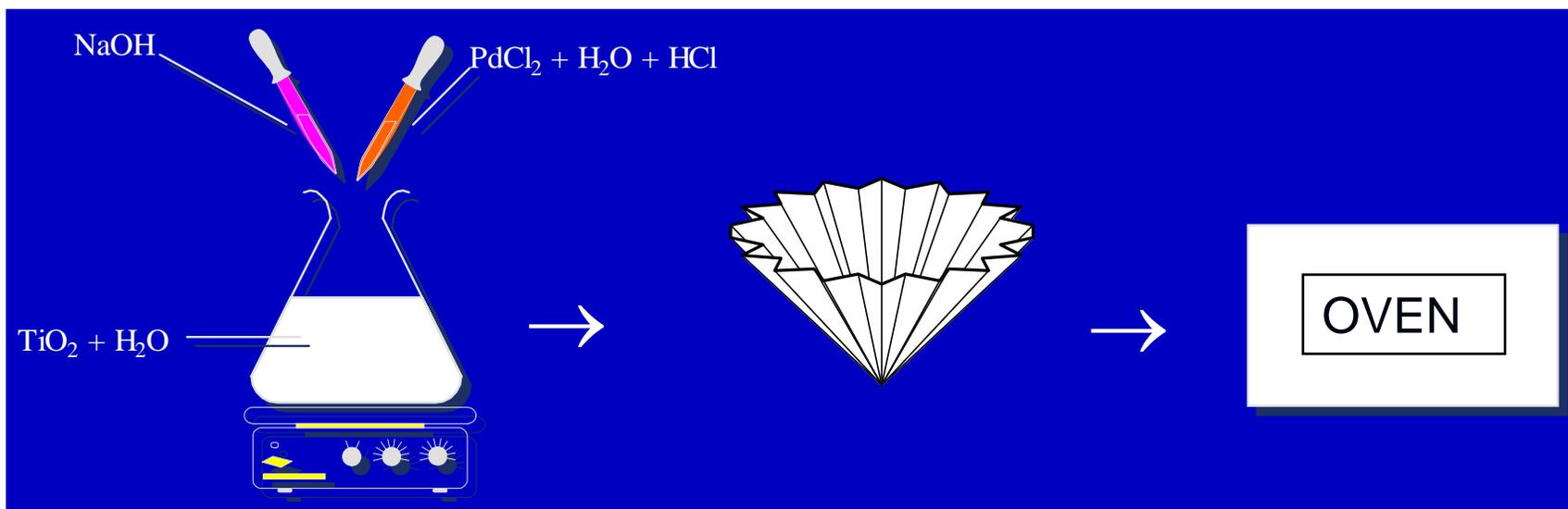
PdO Based Pigments



- ❖ Change color at temperatures as low as -40°C
- ❖ Employ gas permeable matrices for the pigment encapsulation that make them selective toward hydrogen detection
- ❖ Has been fielded by NASA.



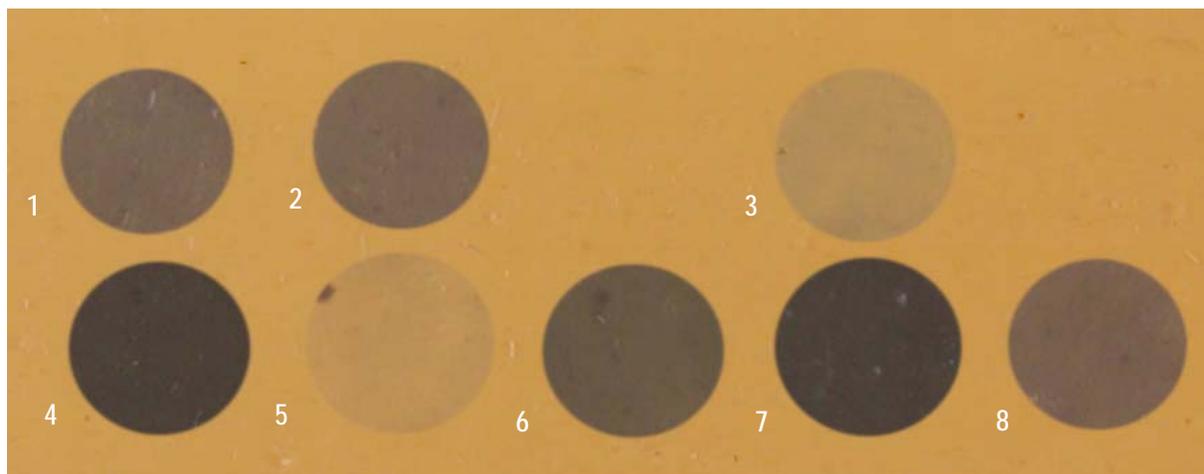
Synthesis of TiO_2/PdO Based Pigments



TiO ₂ Sample	Degussa P-25	Aldrich	Fisher	DuPont R103
Particle size (μm)	0.02-0.04	0.5	0.1-0.5	0.05-0.2



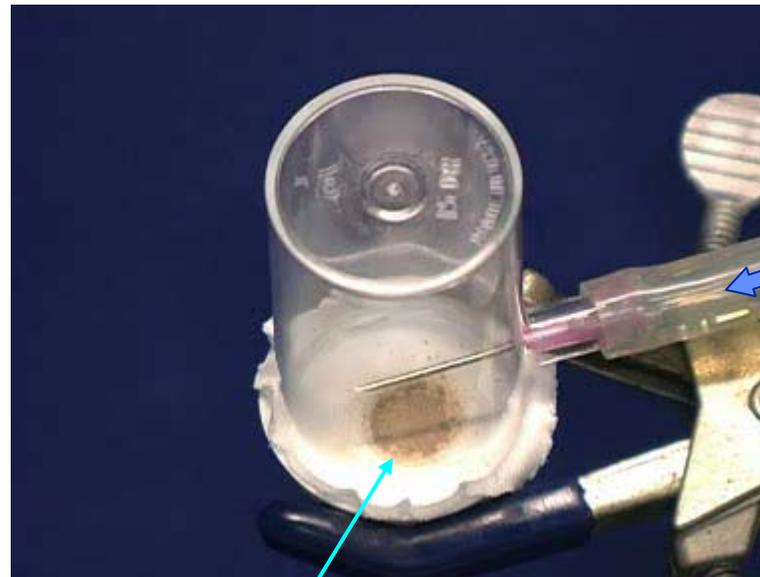
Implementation of TiO_2/PdO Based Pigments



**A 25-mil thick section of chemochromic film
after exposure to various quantities of
hydrogen gas.**



PdO on Degussa P-25 TiO₂



CHEMOCHROMIC MARKER



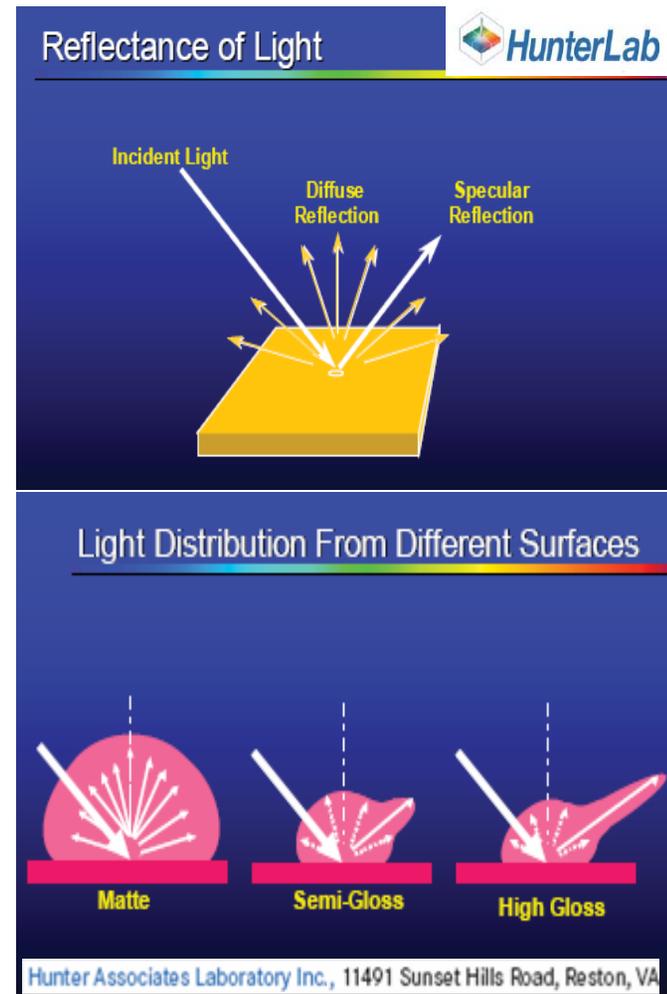
Quantifying Color Change



Parameters affecting the appearance of color are:

- ❖ *Basic pigment formulation*
- ❖ *Surface characteristics (gloss, texture, pattern, etc.)*

0/45- or 45/0-degree instruments are most often used as they avoid the specular component, like a person does when examining the appearance of color.





Quantifying Color Change

(cont'd)



- ❖ Using ColorTec-PCM colorimeter

$$\Delta E^* = [(\Delta L^*)^2 + (\Delta a^*)^2 + (\Delta b^*)^2]^{1/2}$$

L* - Lightness Value

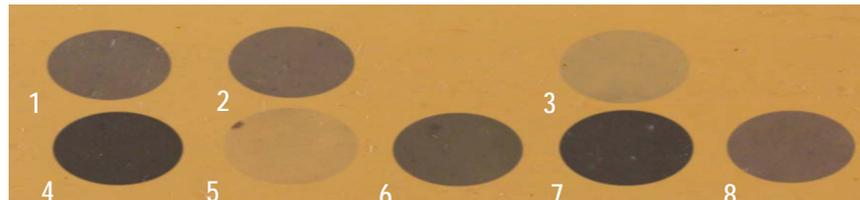
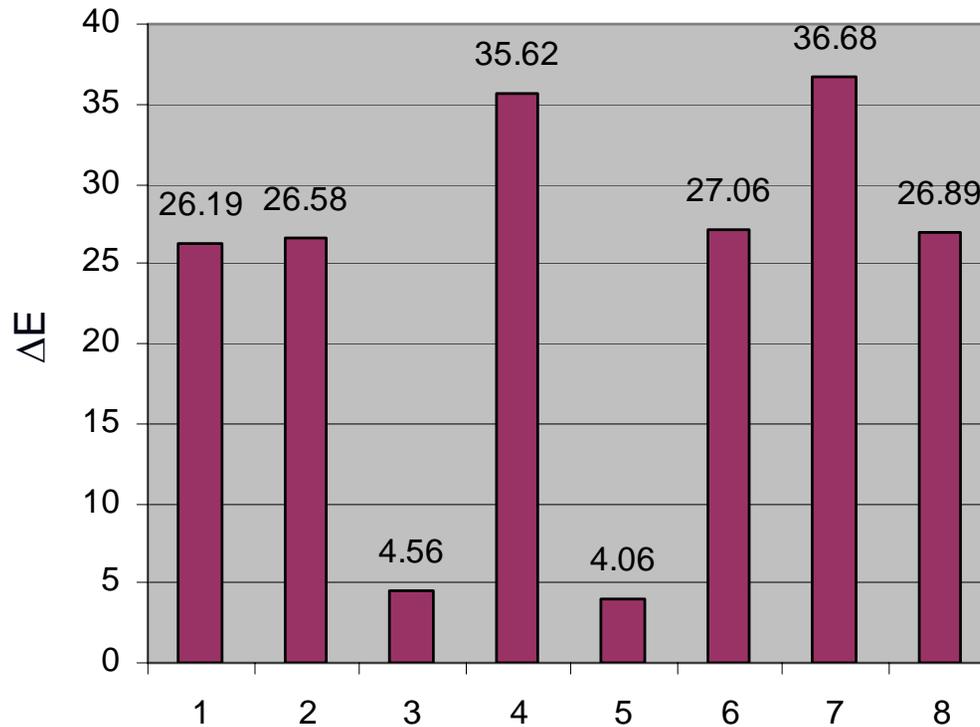
a* - position on red-green axis

b* - position on yellow-blue axis

- ❖ Greater the ΔE^* value, higher the color contrast

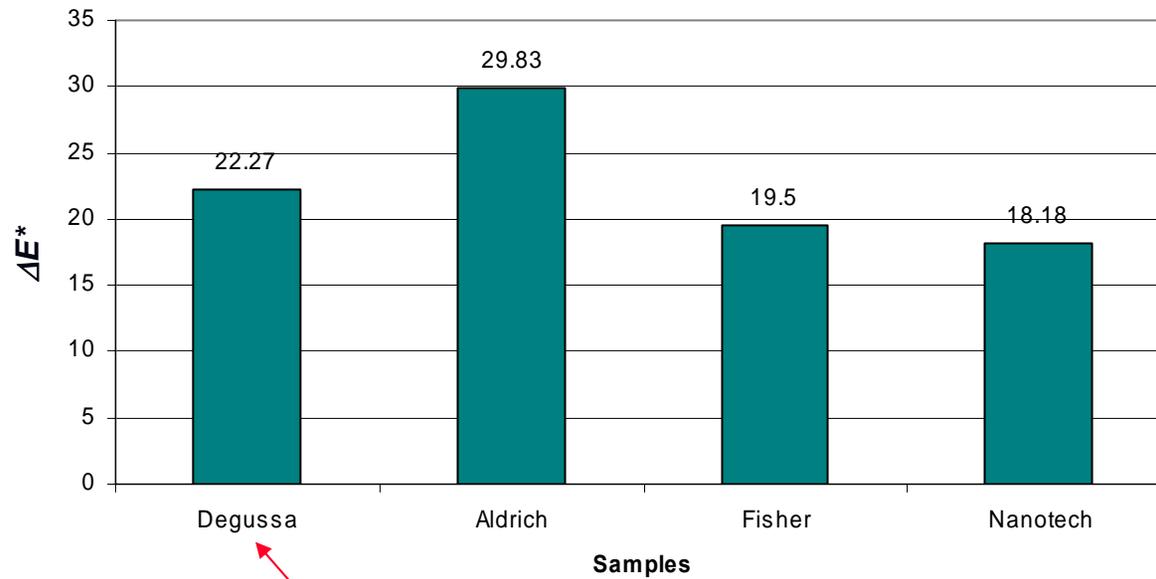


Quantifying Color Change (cont'd)





Quantifying Color Change (cont'd)

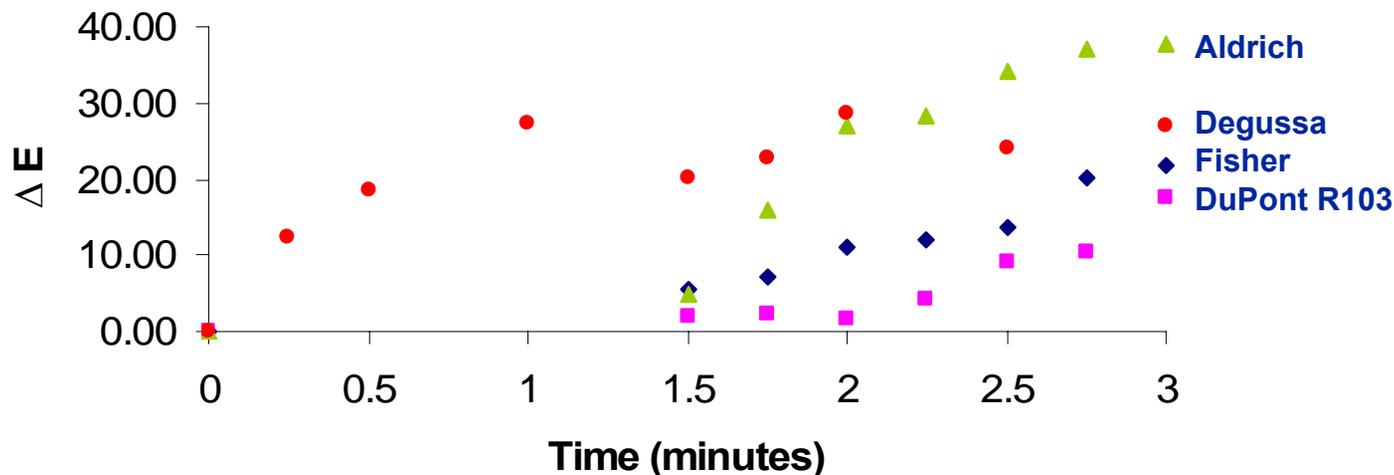


Fastest color change

Captain, J.E., et al. "Chemochromic Hydrogen Detection," *Proceedings of SPIE Conference*, 17–21 April 2006, Orlando, Florida.



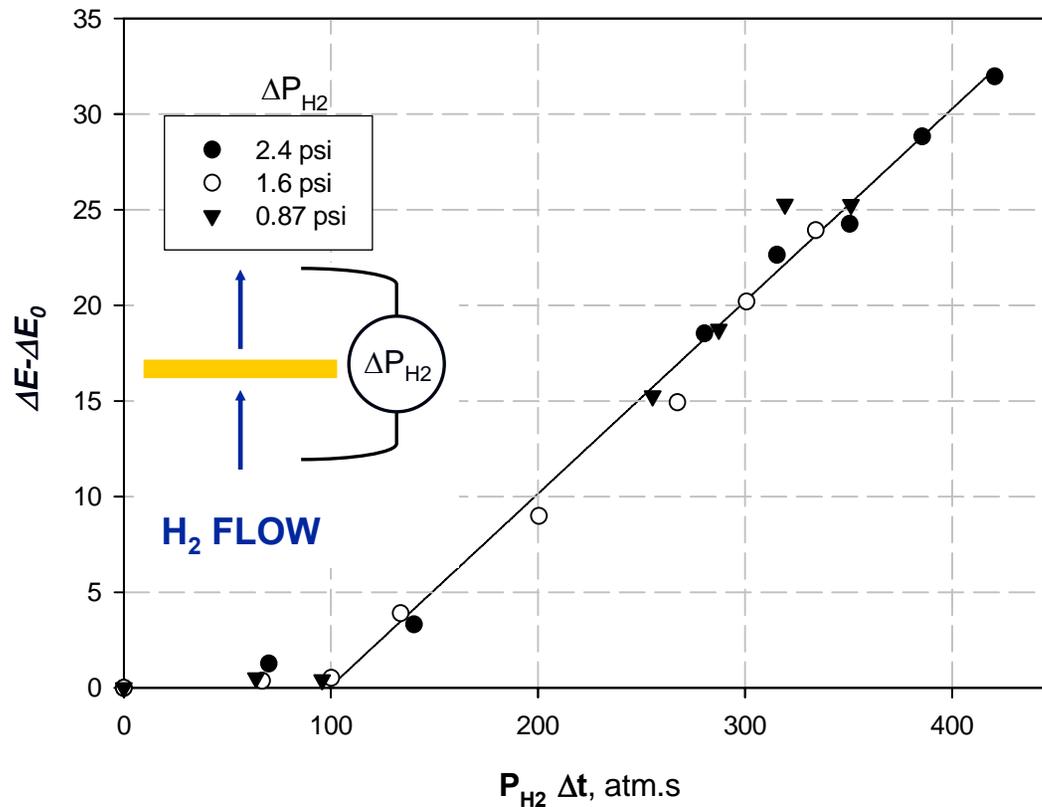
ΔE vs. H_2 Exposure Time for Various TiO_2 Supports



Mohajeri, et al., "Effect of PdO on TiO_2 Loading on Chemochromic Detection of Hydrogen," submitted for publication in the Int. J. Hydrogen Energy.



Color Contrast vs. Total H_2 Reacted within Membrane



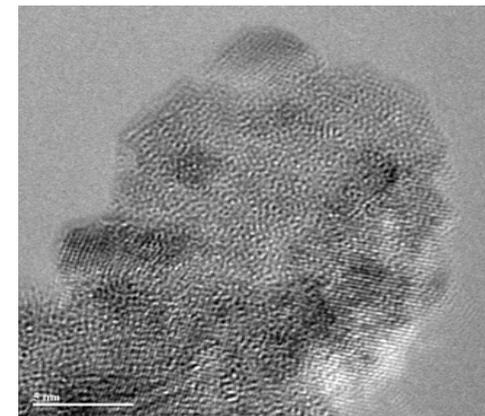
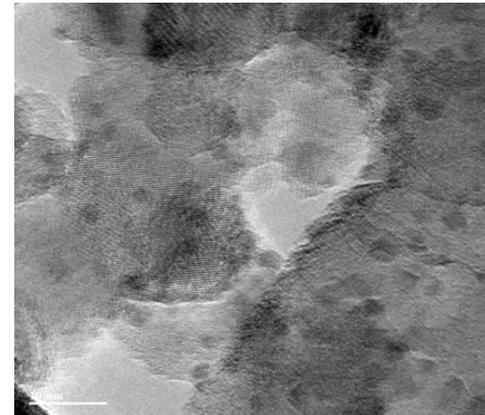
Data courtesy of NASA-KSC & Arctic Slope Research Corp.



TEM of PdO on Degussa P-25 TiO₂



- ❖ Well dispersed PdO particles
- ❖ Strongly attached to TiO₂ support
- ❖ Homogenous
- ❖ Particle size ~2.5 nm

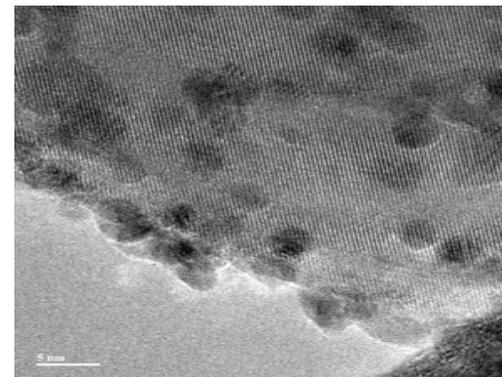
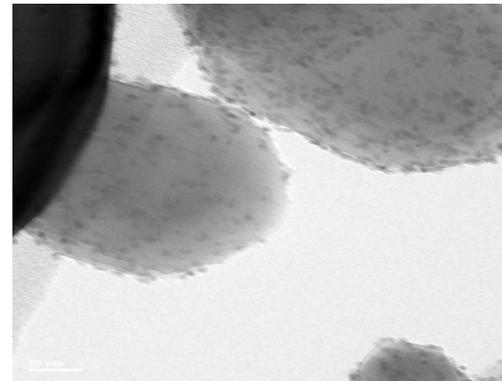




TEM of PdO on DuPont R103 TiO₂

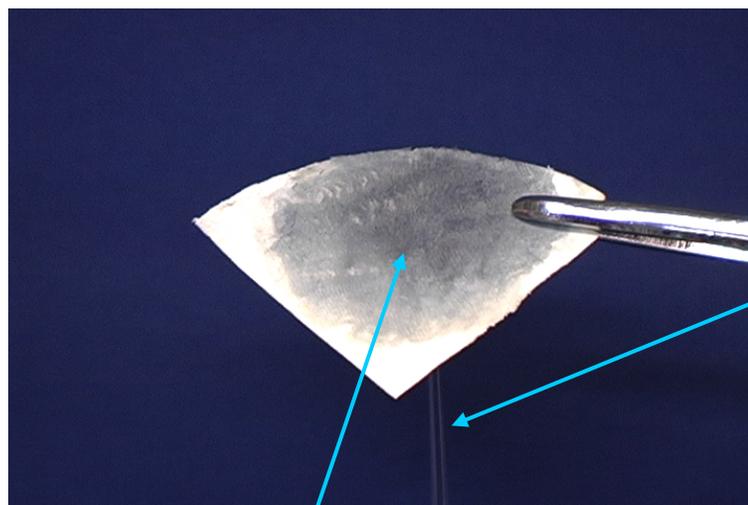


- ❖ Well dispersed spherical PdO particles
- ❖ Loosely attached to TiO₂ support
- ❖ Non-homogenous
- ❖ Particle size > 5 nm





FSEC's New & Proprietary H₂ Sensing Pigment



H₂ SENSING PIGMENT & SUPPORT

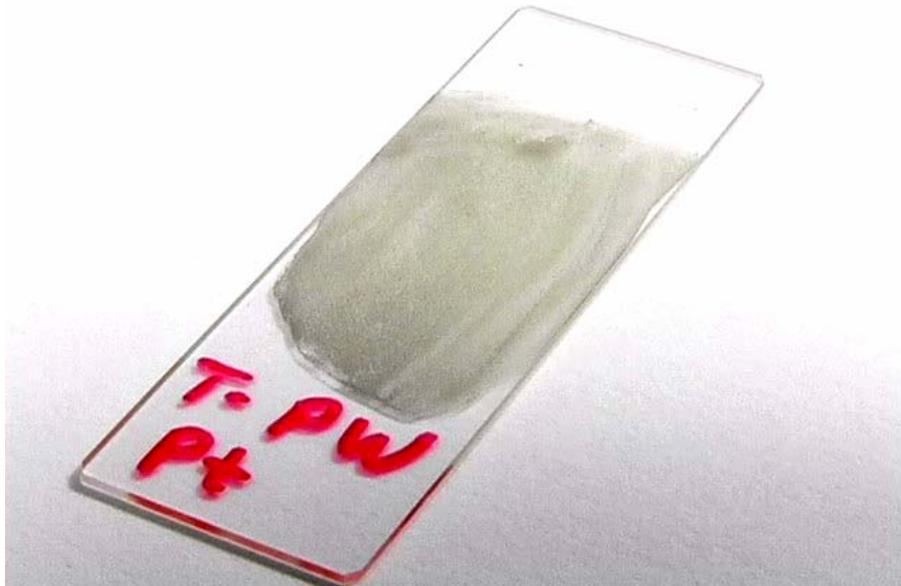
H₂ FLOW



FSEC's Reversible Pigments

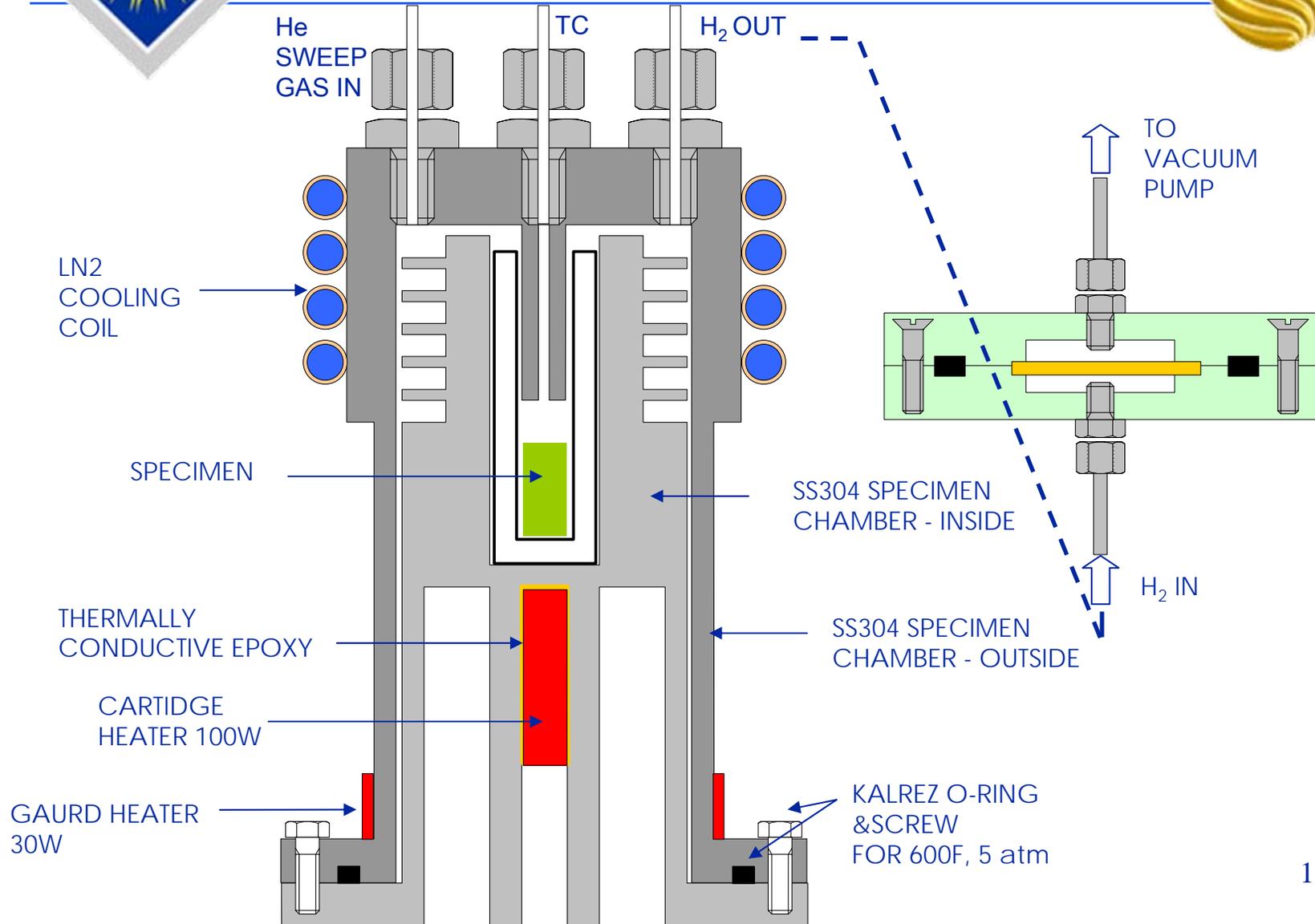


Several formulations developed at FSEC can be used in “repeated coloration/discoloration” applications including HT screening of hydrogen storage materials as the following video shows.





Single Cell Design of FSEC's HT Combinatorial Screening Apparatus





Summary



- ❖ A large number of hydrogen sensing pigments suitable for HT H₂ storage materials screening have been synthesized using PdO on TiO₂ supports and other compounds
- ❖ The extent of color change has been determined as a function of time and amount of H₂ within the membranes
- ❖ PdO on Degussa P-25 with smallest TiO₂ particles shows fastest discoloration and highest color contrast
- ❖ A HT combinatorial screening apparatus has been designed for testing up to 100 individual samples, in few minutes, at temperatures & pressures in the range of LN₂-150°C and 10-38 ktorrs, respectively .



Acknowledgment



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